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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/582,198	06/09/2006	Yang Shen	0002860USU/4137	3977
	7590 05/28/2008 REELEY, RUGGIERO & PERLE, LLP		EXAMINER	
ONE LANDMARK SQUARE, 10TH FLOOR STAMFORD, CT 06901			FULTON, KRISTINA ROSE	
STAMFORD, (.1 00901		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3673	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/28/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/582,198	SHEN, YANG
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Kristina R. Fulton	3673
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING E - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tind will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 17 A This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under	is action is non-final. ance except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 7-27 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 7-27 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	awn from consideration.	
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomposed and applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct to be a composed and the correct to be a	cepted or b) objected to by the I drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ction is required if the drawing(s) is object.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applicationity documents have been received au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) \(\sum \) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) ☐ Interview Summary	(PTO-413)
2) Notice of References Cited (P10-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PT0-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PT0/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

This Office Action is in response to the RCE submitted 4/17/08. Claims 1-6 are cancelled. Claims 7-27 are newly added.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 7-12, 16-22 and 25-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Boag (US 4966021).
- 3. Regarding claims 7 and 22, Boag shows a key-changeable lock, including a lock housing (20), a lock cylinder (10) able to rotate within the lock housing about a rotational axis, said lock cylinder including at least, a locking block (44) slidably mounted on a periphery of said locking cylinder, to be located in one of two working positions, in a first working position said locking block extends from the lock cylinder to engage the lock housing preventing rotation of the lock cylinder (figure 7) relative the lock housing and in a second working position, the locking block at least partially retracts into the lock cylinder (figure 6) to allow said relative rotation, at least one toothed piece (40) to move to selectively allow or block retraction of said locking block into said lock cylinder, at least one toothed slide (36) to move in said lock cylinder, transverse to said rotational axis, said toothed slide having an engaged and disengaged position with said at least

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one toothed piece, said at least one toothed piece moving in a fixed relationship with said at least one toothed slide when in said engaged position, and in a variable relationship when in said disengaged position, a sliding block (34) adapted to move said at least one toothed slide between said engaged and disengaged positions, and a locking hole (26) provided on or in the lock cylinder and into which a key (118 or 218) is inserted, characterized in that insertion of a first key into a locking hole, moves said at least one toothed slide and in turn said at least one toothed piece, in said engaged position therewith, to allow retraction of said locking block and thus rotation of said lock cylinder, retraction of said at least one toothed piece into said lock cylinder, prevents said locking block from moving, and moves said at least one toothed slide to said disengaged position via said sliding block, and removal of said first key and insertion of a second key moves said at least one toothed slide and varies the relation of said at least one toothed slide and said toothed piece, due to said disengaged position, such that said second key now locks and unlocks said key changeable lock or subassembly therefore (see abstract for description of first and second key).

- 4. Regarding claim 8, the first key is removed and said second key is inserted with said cylinder in a partially rotated condition (see abstract and figures 6-7).
- 5. Regarding claim 9, the engagement of said toothed slide with said toothed piece is via a toothed piece (see figures 6 and 7 for illustration of teeth) on said toothed slide engaging a toothed piece (see figures 6 and 7 for illustration of teeth) on said toothed piece, there being more teeth on one than the other to allow said variable relationship.

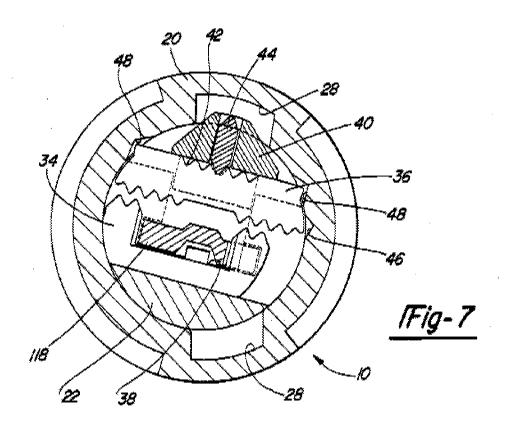
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6. Regarding claim 10, said toothed piece has a block groove (slot in top of 40 for insertion of 44) thereon running parallel to said locking block, said toothed piece, either side of said block groove, toothed retraction of said locking block, other than when said toothed piece is moved to allow said locking block to retract into said toothed groove.

- 7. Regarding claim 11, said locking block is urged into said block groove, and is held in the block groove, by the profile of said lock housing about said lock cylinder, when said lock is unlocked (see figure 6).
- 8. Regarding claim 12, said sliding block is moved by said locking block via pins (tipped surface of 44) extending between said locking block and said sliding block.
- 9. Regarding claim 16, the sliding block and the toothed slide move parallel to one another.
- 10. Regarding claims 17 and 25, the sliding direction of the sliding block is perpendicular to that of the toothed piece.
- 11. Regarding claim 18, "as best understood", the first key will not unlock the lock when lock has been changed to lock and unlock with said second key (see abstract).
- 12. Regarding claim 19, the sliding direction of the locking block is parallel to that of the sliding block.
- 13. Regarding claims 20 and 26, wherein a contactor (the side surface) is fixed on the toothed slide and located within the locking hole to engage said key. Applicant is reminded, as claimed, a "contactor" can be anything that "contacts". More structure should be claimed to better define the contactor.

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14. Regarding claims 21 and 27, a locking groove (28) is provided on the lock housing; when the locking block is located at the first working position, the locking block is received in the locking groove; and each side face of the locking groove is provided with a guiding slant (see figure 7 for slanted edges). See the Boag device below.



Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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2. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* **v.** *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 3. Claims 13-15 and 23-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Boag as applied to claim 7 above in view of Loreti (US 6119495). Boag shows applicant's basic inventive concept but fails to show spring bias components. Loreti shows that it is well known in the key cylinder art to include springs. Loreti shows a key-changeable lock, comprising a lock cylinder (9), a sliding block (18), toothed slides (17), and a toothed piece (20).
- 4. Regarding claims 13 and 23, Loreti shows springs (19) are provided between the sliding block and the shell.
- 5. Regarding claims 14-15 and 24, Loreti shows a compression spring (26) is provided between the toothed slide and the sliding block.
- 6. Regarding claims 13-15 and 23-24, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to include springs in the cylinder to assure proper engagement and movement of the components within the cylinder. It is very well known in the art to use springs. See the Loreti device below.

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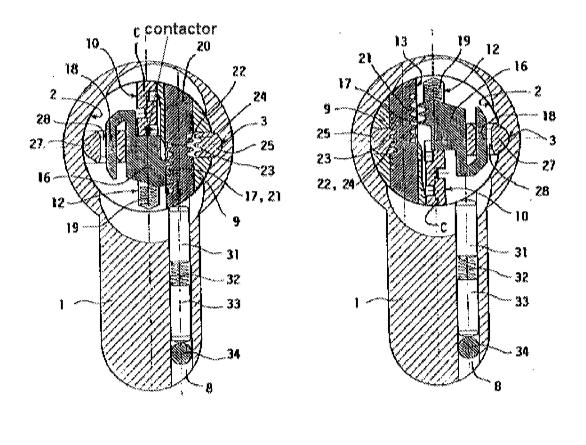


FIG. 18

FIG. 19

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments filed 4/17/08 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Regarding the argument that the locking block does not perform as explained in paragraphs 3-5 of the remarks, the examiner would like to note that the function and detail of the remarks are not included in the claims. The claims merely

require the locking block to be located in one of two positions (blocked and unblocked). The examiner suggests adding more of the function and language explained in the remarks to the claims to better describe the apparatus and define over the prior art. Regarding the argument that the pick bar prevents manipulation of the tumblers, the examiner agrees but would also like to point out that column 4, lines 14-19, state that without a key, the tumblers fall and prevent rotation. Therefor the pick bar does in fact indirectly prevent rotation of the lock cylinder. The examiner suggests using language such as "directly" to overcome Boag. Regarding the argument that the tumbler does not have an engaged and disengaged position with the retainer bar, the examiner respectfully disagrees. Column 6, lines 24-26 state the bar will "re-engage" with the tumblers. In order for the bar to "re-engage" the tumblers, at least a portion of the bar and the tumblers were disengaged. Regarding the argument that Loreti fails to disclose a lock housing preventing rotation of the lock cylinder relative to the lock housing, the examiner would like to note that Loreti is solely used to teach the use of springs as stated in the rejection above. The examiner appreciates applicant's invention and encourages applicant to include limitations such as those explained in paragraphs 3-5 or suggested above to overcome the prior art.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kristina R. Fulton whose telephone number is 571-272-

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7376. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 7am-4:30pm,

alternating Fridays off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Patricia Engle can be reached on (571) 272-6660. The fax phone number

for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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/Patricia L Engle/
Supervisory Patent Examiner,

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/K. R. F./

Examiner, Art Unit 3673

5/22/08